Copperas Cove Parks and Recreation Department

Youth Sports Coach Certification Program

S.P.O.R.T.S.

Why Certify Coaches?

- Is it our obligation?
- Training
- Criminal background checks
- An exam to assure program knowledge.
- Peace of mind
- ✤ S.P.O.R.T.S.
 - Safety Participation Organization Relationships Training Sportsmanship



Criminal Background Checks



- Applicants are checked within State of Texas and county of residence.
- Background checks are processed by the City of Copperas Cove Human Resources
 Department using a Texas Department of
 Public Safety data base.

S.P.O.R.T.S.



SAFETY

- Five million children will visit the Emergency Room this year with sports related injuries.
- Sports injuries cost the US public nearly 50 Billion dollars in 1997.
- There are two types of sports related injuries
 - Chronic repetitive injuries
 - Acute injuries which result from a major force of impact.

Effective Safety Equipment



- Helps reduce the risk of injuries.
- Is in good condition.
- Meets national safety standards.
- Fits properly and <u>is</u> <u>used</u>.

Lightning

- If you can see it, flee it.
- If you can hear it, clear it.
- A safe shelter includes fully enclosed metal vehicles with windows up and substantial buildings.
- Unsafe shelters include: trees, water, open fields and high ground.
- Avoid cordless and cellular phones and headsets.
- Wait a minimum of 30 minutes from last sight of lightning before resuming activity.

First Aid (1 of 3)

- Concussions: Victim may or may not lose consciousness. Common symptoms include vacant stare, loss of memory, headache, disorientation, nausea and dizziness.
- If there is ever a loss of consciousness, transport athlete to nearest medical facility.
- Concussions are very serious injuries.

First Aid (2of3)

Strains: Strains are damage to muscles and tendons ranging from a minor trauma with mild pain, to a complete rupture of a muscle or tendon.

Treat strains with <u>PRICES</u>. Protection, Rest, Ice, Compression, Elevation and Support.

First Aid (3of3)

- Spinal Injuries: Any athlete suspected of having a spinal injury should be managed as though a spinal injury exists.
- The athlete should not be moved unless it is absolutely necessary to maintain or establish an Airway, Breathing and Circulation.
- Get Professional Emergency Medical Assistance immediately.

Participation (1of4)



- If they play, they will stay!
- Children have three basic needs:
 - Psychological
 - Physical
 - Emotional.

Participation (2of4)

- Psychological Needs: Consists of "fitting in", Coach must avoid labeling and must strive to have everyone participate in all practices and games regardless of skill level.
- Physical Needs: Children develop at different rates. Coaches need to be able to meet the needs of all of the players.

Emotional Needs: A child that's sits the bench at practice and games will have a difficult time feeling like they are part of the team. Remain positive with feedback.

Participation (3of4)

TEAM: Together Everyone Achieves More!

Avoid the "Win at all costs" mentality.



Participation (4of4)

- Promote Fun, Fair Play, Respect, Discipline and Sportsmanship.
- Zero Tolerance for Unacceptable Behavior
- Equal opportunities for all children. Regardless of race, religion, gender or economic status.
- Without teamwork, there is NO team.

Organization (1of3)

If you fail to plan, you are planning to fail!
Set goals for your team. The goals should reflect a consensus of everyone involved.

Your organization of the team must start before you meet for the first time.

Organization (2of3)

- Schedule a mandatory preseason meeting with parents and players.
- Provide as much information as possible, both verbal and written.
- Recruit help from parents!

- Assign Duties to Parents
- ✤ Team parent
- Picture Coordinator
- Team Party Coordinator
- Travel Coordinator
- Phone List Coordinator
- Fundraising Coordinator
- Sponsorship Coordinator
- Uniform Coordinator

Organization (3of3)



- Make practices fun and dynamic!
- Set up stations.
- Ensure every player participates at every position in the drill.
- Perfect Practice makes Perfect!
- Be creative!

Relationships (1of5)

- The role of the Coach: Coaches are role models. They must place the well being of the child ahead of a desire to win and remember the different developmental stages in an age group. They should organize practices that are challenging and increase all players' self esteem. A coach should always lead by example, demonstrating fair play and sportsmanship.
- The role of the Parent: Parents should always encourage each player to do their best and cheer in a positive way. They must be there to pick up the pieces.

Relationships (20f5)

The role of the Player: Players should be prepared to give a complete effort according to their ability.

They must understand why they are on the team.

Relationships (3of5)

- The <u>Coach-Parent</u> relationship:
- Discussions between coaches and parents should occur away from the child.
- Accept parental concerns.
- Be prepared for and receptive to criticism.



Relationships (4of5)

- The <u>Coach-Player</u> relationship should be kept clear and simple.
- Always be positive but honest.
- Be consistent, the rules are the same for everyone on the team.
- Your facial expression or body language can turn a player off faster than you can imagine. Say it with a smile!

Relationships (5of5)



- The Parent-Participant relationship should be kept positive.
- Listen first; advise second.
- Commitment is important.

Training (1of2)

- Practice length must be appropriate for the age group.
- Each practice should consist of a warm-up, a session of previously taught skills, new skill development followed by live scrimmage and cool down.
- When teaching a new skill, verbally introduce the skill and then physically demonstrate.
- During live action, don't over-coach.
- FEAST: Fun-Everyone Activity-Skills-Team play.

Training (2of2)

- Over-teach, repetition is the key to achievement.
- Do not focus on the negative.
- Coaches should take the time to learn the skills and techniques themselves.
- Learn the rules of the game and the specifics of the league you are coaching in!

Sportsmanship (1of2)

- Sportsmanship is a lifelong skill!
- Coaches are role models.
- Never use profanity.
- Control the tone of your voice.
- Respect people's feelings.
- Be gracious in victory or defeat.
- Do not place blame.
- Demonstrate civility.
- Follow procedures for handling grievances.
- Treat others as you wish to be treated.

Sportsmanship (2of2)

- Devote time to coaching sportsmanship.
- Deal with problems immediately.
- Reward good sportsmanship.
- Address bad sportsmanship.
- Avoid confrontations.



P.A.R.D. Certified Coaches' Ten Commandments

- Thou Shall Lead by Example
- Thou Shall Insist on Manners
- Thou Shall Emphasize Team Effort
- Thou Shall Not Win at All Cost
- Thou Shall Have a Sense of Humor
- Thou Shall Succeed
- Thou Shall Stay Positive
- Thou Shall Promote Safety and Well Being
- Thou Shall Promote Lifetime Fitness/Wellness
- Thou Shall "Turn the Other Cheek"

Bonus Commandment



Thou Shall Not Expect More or Treat Their Own Child Differently Than Any Other Team Member.